

BA ADMINISTRATION & GOVERNANCE
FIRST SEMESTER
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY
BAAG – 101

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- Which period is known as the period of remarkable intellectual development and change in philosophical thought in the history of the development of sociology?
 - Period of enlightenment
 - Industrial revolution
 - urbanization
 - Religious change
- Who is considered as the father of sociology?
 - Herbert Spencer
 - Emile Durkheim
 - Auguste Comte
 - Karl Marx
- When a person enjoys authority by virtue of his inherited status, then that type of authority is known as ____
 - Charismatic authority
 - Traditional authority
 - Democratic authority
 - Legal-rational authority
- A group in which a person is not born but in which he voluntarily moves in is known as ____
 - Primary group
 - Reference group
 - Secondary group
 - In-group
- What is the bond between blood relatives called?
 - Affinal kinship
 - Consanguineal kinship
 - Unilateral kinship
 - Bilateral kinship
- What is the meaning of logos in the term sociology?
 - Science/study
 - Social
 - Society
 - Companion
- Which one of the following is an ascribed status?
 - Priest
 - Soldier
 - Husband
 - Son
- Society is a system of:
 - Usages and procedures
 - Rigid rules
 - Unbreakable customs
 - Few groupings and divisions
- Pick up from the following which is not an essential element of community?
 - 'we' feeling
 - Locality
 - Individual interests
 - Common way of life

10. Ethnocentrism is a characteristic of:
- a. Large group
 - b. Secondary group
 - c. Out group
 - d. In group
11. Which of the following *isnot* a social deviant act?
- a. Using unfair means in exams
 - b. Always late for classes
 - c. Completing a task on time
 - d. Breaking traffic rules
12. Class symbolizes:
- a. Social factors
 - b. Political factors
 - c. Psychological factors
 - d. Economic factors
13. What is the type of mobility called when the daughter of a peon becomes an IAS officer?
- a. Intra-generational mobility
 - b. Inter-generational mobility
 - c. Horizontal mobility
 - d. None of the above
14. Social change refers to:
- a. Sudden and unpredictable shifts in society
 - b. Any alteration over time in behaviour patterns and cultural norms
 - c. Revolutionary changes only
 - d. Economic changes in society
15. Which of the following is an example of a revolutionary social change?
- a. Adoption of liberty and equality
 - b. Gradual shift in fashion trends
 - c. Adoption of smartphones
 - d. Change in educational curriculum
16. Which among the following is an informal means of social control?
- a. Customs
 - b. Coercion
 - c. Law
 - d. Education
17. Institution is comparatively:
- a. Permanent
 - b. Temporary
 - c. Artificial
 - d. Transitory
18. The group which is more influential than family among the adolescents is:
- a. Occupational group
 - b. Peer group
 - c. Out-group
 - d. Reference group
19. Which one of the following statements is **not** true?
- a. The more sociological history becomes and the more historical sociology becomes, the better for both
 - b. Psychology deals with individuals
 - c. Political science studies the functions of state, government and all other social institutions
 - d. Political science studies the functions of state and government only
20. Consider which one of the following statements is **not** true?
- a. Sociology is one of the youngest disciplines
 - b. Emile Durkheim coined the term in 1839
 - c. It is a value-free science
 - d. It is concerned with 'what is'

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Think of a problem you are currently dealing with and the commonsense understanding of it. Using your sociological imagination, can you find the points of connection between your situation and the larger social forces that impact your life? 10
2. Social integration of individuals into the society involves the process of socialization and assimilation. Justify the statement with appropriate examples. 5+5=10
3. Is it possible to move up or down through the hierarchical ranks of the society? If yes, elaborate the different types of such social mobility prevalent in society. 2+8=10
4. Why is social control necessary for the society? Compare and contrast formal and informal agencies of social control. 4+6=10
5. Do you think any change in the society is social change? Argue your case with reference to the various theories of social change. 2+8=10
6. Explain the various conditions under which a collective action transforms into a social movement. 10
7. What are the elements of authority? Critically discuss the three types of authority that justify the power to command according to Max Weber. 4+6=10
8. Write short notes on family and marriage. 5+5=10

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