B.Sc. MATHEMATICS THIRD SEMESTER VECTOR ANALYSIS BSM - 732 [REPEAT]

Objective)

SET

2023/12

Full Marks: 35

Duration: 1.30 hrs.

Time: 15 min.

Marks: 10

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×10=10

1. If \overline{a} and \overline{b} are perpendicular to each other, then

a.
$$\overline{a}.\overline{b} = 0$$

b.
$$\overline{a}.\overline{b} = 1$$

c.
$$\overline{a} = 0$$

d.
$$\overline{b} = 0$$

2. What is the value of $\overline{a} \times (\overline{b} \times \overline{c}) = ?$

a.
$$(\overline{a}.\overline{b})\overline{c} - (\overline{a}.\overline{c})\overline{b}$$

b.
$$(\overline{a}.\overline{c})\overline{b} - (\overline{a}.\overline{b})\overline{c}$$

c.
$$(\overline{a}.\overline{c})\overline{b} + (\overline{a}.\overline{b})\overline{c}$$

b.
$$(\overline{a}.\overline{c})\overline{b} - (\overline{a}.\overline{b})\overline{c}$$

d. $(\overline{a}.\overline{c})\overline{b} - (\overline{a}.\overline{b})\overline{c}$

3. The term $\overline{a}.(\overline{b}\times\overline{c})$ represents

a. Geometrically the volume V of a rectangle with the three vectors as the coterminous edges

b. Geometrically the volume V of a square with the three vectors as the coterminous

c. Geometrically the volume V of a parallelepiped with the three vectors as the

coterminous edges d. Geometrically the volume V of a parallelogram with the three vectors as the

coterminous edges

4. What is value of
$$\overline{a} \times \{\overline{a} \times (\overline{b} \times \overline{c})\} = ?$$

a.
$$(\overline{b} \times \overline{a})$$

b.
$$(\overline{a}.a)$$

c.
$$(\overline{b} \times \overline{a})_a$$

d.
$$(\overline{a}.a)(\overline{b}\times\overline{a})$$

5. Which of the following is correct

a.
$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{b} & \overline{c} \end{bmatrix} = -\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{c} & \overline{b} \end{bmatrix}$$

c. $\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{c} & \overline{b} \end{bmatrix} = -\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{b} & \overline{c} \end{bmatrix}$

b.
$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{b} & \overline{c} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{c} & \overline{b} \end{bmatrix}$$

c.
$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{c} & \overline{b} \end{bmatrix} = -\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{b} & \overline{c} \end{bmatrix}$$

d.
$$[\overline{a} \ \overline{b} \ \overline{c}] = \overline{a} \times (\overline{b} \times \overline{c})$$

6. What is the value of $\hat{i} \times \hat{i} = ?$

a. 1

b. 0

d. None of the above

7. If two vectors are equal or collinear, the scalar triple product is

a. 0

c. _1

b. 1d. 2

8. For what value of x, the following vectors are coplanar

 $\overline{a} = \hat{i} - \tilde{j} + \hat{k}, \overline{b} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}, \overline{c} = x\hat{i} + \hat{j} + x\hat{k}$

c. 0

d. _1

9. $\begin{bmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{k} & \hat{j} \end{bmatrix} = ?$

d. None of the above

10. What is the value of $\hat{i} \cdot (\hat{i} \times \hat{j}) = ?$

c. 0

b. 1

d. None of the above

Descriptive

Time: 1 hr. 15 mins.

Marks: 25

[Answer question no.1 & any two (2) from the rest]

- 1. Determine $\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} & \overline{b} & \overline{c} \end{bmatrix}$ if $\overline{a} = 2\hat{i} 3\hat{j}$, $\overline{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} \hat{k}$, $\overline{c} = 3\hat{i} \hat{k}$ Simplify: $\begin{bmatrix} \overline{a} + \overline{b} + \overline{c} & \overline{a} + \overline{b} & \overline{a} + \overline{c} \end{bmatrix}$
- 2. a.Prove that $(\overline{a} \times \overline{b})^2 = a^2b^2 (\overline{a}.\overline{b})^2$. b.By vector method, show that an angle in a semi circle is a right
- 3. If |a+b| = |a-b|, prove that the vectors \overline{a} and b are perpendicular to each other.
- 4. Write the definition of Resultant of a vector, vector triple 1×5=5 product, scalar triple product, coplanar vectors and parallel shift of vectors.
- 5. If $a\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} b\hat{k}$, find \bar{a} and b. Simplify: $|(2\hat{i} 3\hat{j}) \times \hat{i}|$
- 6. Prove by using vector method in a triangle ABC, $\frac{a}{SinA} = \frac{b}{SinB} = \frac{c}{SinC}$
- 7. Prove that $\hat{a} \times (\hat{b} + \hat{c}) + \bar{b} \times (\hat{c} + \hat{a}) + \hat{c} \times (\hat{a} + \hat{b}) = 0$. Find unit vector in the direction of $\hat{i} + \hat{j} 2\hat{k}$

3

USTM/COF/R-01