

REV-01  
BLB/01/05

2023/12

**BA LLB  
FIRST SEMESTER  
HISTORY I  
BLB – 104 [REPEAT]  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

**SET  
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

( Objective )

$1 \times 20 = 20$

**Choose the correct answer from the following:**

- Which Indian archaeologist excavated the site of Harappa.  
a. D.R Sahnii    b. R.D Banerjee  
c. R.S Bisht     d. A. Stein
- Which Indus Valley site had five mounds.  
a. Harappa    b. Mohenjodaro  
c. Lothal     d. Rakhigarhi
- Where were abundant fire alters found.  
a. Lothal    b. Kalibangan  
c. Dholavira     d. Kot Diji
- Which of the following was the leader of the 1857 Revolt in Lucknow.  
a. Rani Lakshmi Bai                                   b. Tantya Tope  
c. Begum Hazrat Mahal                           d. Kuwar Singh
- Who was the governor general of India during the 1857 Revolt.  
a. Lord Dalhousie                                     b. Lord Cornwallis  
c. Lord Canning                                      d. Clavering
- When was the evil practice of 'Sati' legally abolished.  
a. 1928     b. 1929  
c. 1930     d. 1931
- Who was the writer of 'Indica'.  
a. Kautilya     b. Megasthenes  
c. Chandragupta Maurya                           d. Ashoka
- The outbreak of Mangal Pandey took place in which province of British India.  
a. Madras     b. Bengal  
c. Bombay     d. Punjab
- Who mentioned the concept of 'Trusteeship' in his ancient Law book.  
a. Manu     b. Yagnavalkya  
c. Narada     d. Baudhyayana
- Which is the northernmost Indus Valley site.  
a. Manda     b. Alamgirpur  
c. Malvan     d. Sutkagendor

11. Which of the following Vedic marriages were done by capturing or kidnapping the bride.
 

a. Asura	b. Gandhara
c. Paishacha	d. Rakshasa
12. Who was the founder of the system of Permanent Settlement in Bengal.
 

a. Hastings	b. Auckland
c. Cornwallis	d. Dalhousie
13. Who was the founder of the Atmiya Sabha.
 

a. Dayanand Saraswati	b. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
c. Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar	d. Harvilas Sharda
14. Which Mughal King abolished the 'Jizya' tax.
 

a. Aurangzed	b. Shah Jahan
c. Akbar	d. Jahangir
15. Which of the following are innovative punishments inflicted to the convicts in Medieval period.
 

a. Tazir	b. Qisas
c. Hadd	d. Tashir
16. Who was the chief Qazi in Mughal India.
 

a. Qazi ul Quzat	b. Sadr us Sadur
c. Mir Bakshi	d. Diwan
17. Which of the following is NOT a part of the 'Saptanga Theory'.
 

a. Swami	b. Mitra
c. Amatya	d. Pativedaka
18. Who was the founder of the Mahalwari system of Land Settlement.
 

a. Holt Meckenzie	b. Cornwallis
c. Francis	d. Elijah Impey
19. Which of the following is a type of 'Adharma' suggested by the ancient law giver Narada.
 

a. Brahmanas	b. Atranyakas
c. Prajapatya	d. Upadharma
20. What is the last stage of life according to the 'Ashram'a concept.
 

a. Grihastha	b. Sanyas
c. Brahmacharya	d. Vanaprastha

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**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. Explain the salient features of the Indus Valley Civilization. 10
2. What are the differences between the Early Vedic and Later Vedic society. 10
3. How did the Indian Social Reformers of the 19<sup>th</sup> century contributed in eradicating the existing social evils within colonial India. 10
4. Describe the sources of Islamic Law and also give a brief description of the types of punishments applicable in Medieval India. 10
5. What are the causes of the Revolt of 1857. 10
6. Elucidate the importance of the Mauryan administration. 10
7. Describe in detail the three different types of colonial Land Settlement Plans. 10
8. What is Vedic Dharma? Explain the differences between Dharmashashtras and Dharmasutras? 10

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