REV-01 BMB/24/29

> **B.Sc. MICROBIOLOGY** SIXTH SEMESTER INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY **BMB-601**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

SET

Full Marks: 70

2023/06

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Objective

Marks: 20 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Choose the correct answer from the following: 1. Black strap molasses is obtained from: a. Whey b. Maize c. Sugarcane d. Casein Glutamic acid is produced by: a. Corvnebacterium b. Recombinant proteins c. Pyrococcus sp. d. Yeast An example of exopolysaccharide is: a. Galactosidase b. Hydrol molasses c. Xanthan gum d. None of the above A commonly used mold in citric acid manufacturing is: a. Aspergillus fumigatus b. Aspergillus terreus c. Aspergillus niger d. Aspergillus flavus In fermenters oxygen transfer and dispersions are provided by: a. Motor b. Spargers and impellers c. Only sparger d. None of the above

During conversion of acetaldehyde to ethanol the enzyme involved is:

For industrial production of alcohol temperature should be:

a. Ethanol synthase

b. Alcohol synthase

c. Acetaldehyde dehydrogenase

d. Alcohol dehydrogenase

8. If mycelium is loose, filamentous with limited branches, the amount of citric acid production will:

a. Double

a. <27 C

c. < 20 C

b. Triple

b. $> 30 \, \text{C}$

d. > 50 C

c. 20-25%

d. Zero

Precursor for penicillin biosynthesis is:

a. Ammonium sulfate

b. Lactose

c. Phenylacetate

d. Acetyl transferase

10. Example of high yielding penicillin strain is:

a. Q167

b. Q176

c. Q376

d. Q12

11.	The father of industrial fermentation is: a. Louis Pasteur c. Chaim Weizmann		Alexander Fleming None of the above		
12.	Microencapsulation is a type of: a. Adsorptionc. Cross linking		Covalent binding Entrapment		
13.	Grinding with glass beads is a	b.	thod. Cell disruption Crystallization		
14.	Compounds with molecular weight less tha a. Microfiltration c. Ultrafiltration	b.	000 (eg. Lactose) can be separated by: Reverse osmosis None of the above		
15.	Lysozymes hydrolyses in bacteria. β-1,4-glycosidic bonds c. β-1,4,5-glycosidic bonds	b.	ell walls. β-1,6-glycosidic bonds None of the above		
16.	Bed of solid particles with biocatalysts with a. Fluidized bed bioreactor c. Bubble column bioreactor	b.	olid matrix constitutes: Packed bed bioreactor Tower bioreactor		
17.	During production of Vit B12 riboflavin is related to:				
	a. Aerobic phase	b.	Anaerobic phase		
	c. Both a and b	a.	None of the above		
18.	Penicillin is produced from: a. Aminoadipic acid c. Glucose		Succinyl Co. A Starch		
19.	GRAS means: a. Generally recognized as safe c. Generally recorded as safe		Genetically recognized as safe Genetically regarded as safe		
20.	An example of a fungi where parasexual cya. Aspergillus c. Penicillium	b.	is observed is: Yeast Both a and c		

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2 USTM/COE/R-01

$\left(\underline{\text{Descriptive}}\right)$

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.			
[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]			
1.	Draw a neat labelled diagram of a conventional bioreactor. Discuss its features briefly.	10	
2.	Define strain improvement. Discuss briefly the recombinant DNA technology for improvement of industrially important microorganisms.	2+8=10	
3.	Write short notes on: a) Culture collection centres b) Features of industrially important microorganisms	5+5=10	
4.	Draw the flowchart of downstream processing. Explain the solid liquid separation methods used in downstream processing.	3+7=10	
5.	Describe briefly the different methods of Immobilisation of enzymes and cells with suitable diagram.	10	
6.	Describe briefly the industrial production of ethanol.	10	
7.	a) Draw the flowchart for Biosynthesis of Citric acid production.b) Describe the fermentation process for fungal amylases.	5+5=10	
8.	Write short notes on: a) Molasses and Corn steep liquor b) Selective isolation of mutants	5+5=10	

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