

**BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
FIRST SEMESTER [REPEAT]
BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT
BBA – 103**

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- When was the first industrial policy introduced in independent India?
a. 1950
b. 1949
c. 1948
d. 1951
- The industrial policy, 1991 was criticized on a number of points, which of the following was not one of them?
a. Erratic industrial growth
b. Threat from the foreign competition
c. Neglect of agriculture sector
d. Misplaced faith in foreign investment
- Which of the following industries are to be given compulsory licensing?
a. Alcohol
b. Tobacco
c. Drugs and Pharmaceuticals
d. All of the above
- An industrial unit is considered sick when its financial position is
a. Good
b. Satisfactory
c. Not Satisfactory
d. None of the above
- From which of the following countries does India import the maximum amount of tea?
a. Nepal
b. Kenya
c. China
d. Bangladesh
- The balance of exports and imports of goods is referred to as
a. Current account
b. Current account balance
c. Current account deficit
d. Trade balance
- Which country among the following is the largest importer of Indian tea?
a. USA
b. Russia
c. France
d. Germany
- The WTO was established in the year
a. 1995
b. 1997
c. 1999
d. 2000
- In which year was the Banking Regulation Act passed?
a. 1949
b. 1955
c. 1959
d. 1969
- When did the National Bank of Agriculture and Rural Development establish?
a. July, 1982
b. July, 1969
c. June, 1951
d. June, 1961

11. At which of the following cities is the Head Office of Reserve Bank of India located?
 - a. Mumbai
 - b. New Delhi
 - c. Kolkata
 - d. Dehradun
12. Which of the following is the regulator of the money market?
 - a. Reserve Bank of India
 - b. Government of India
 - c. Telecom Regularity Authority
 - d. Insurance Regularity Department
13. The capital market regulator is:
 - a. RBI
 - b. BSE
 - c. NSE
 - d. SEBI
14. Which of the following is not related to Money Market?
 - a. Treasury Bills
 - b. Commercial Bills
 - c. Certificates of Deposit
 - d. Shares
15. _____ allocates saving efficiently in an economy to ultimate users either for investment in real assets or for consumption.
 - a. Economic system
 - b. Banking system
 - c. Financial system
 - d. Market system
16. Financial institutions are also known as _____.
 - a. Financial organization
 - b. Financial intermediaries
 - c. Financial system
 - d. None of the above
17. Which of the following is not an organized sector in India?
 - a. Nationalized Banks
 - b. Regional Rural Banks
 - c. Cooperative Banks
 - d. Chits and Money lenders
18. Which of the following is considered to be a more secure instrument?
 - a. Cheque
 - b. Draft
 - c. Commercial Paper
 - d. Hundi
19. Which of the following is not a regulatory institution in the Indian financial system?
 - a. RBI
 - b. CIBIL
 - c. SEBI
 - d. IRDA
20. Commercial Bill is a type of _____.
 - a. Promissory Note
 - b. Cheque
 - c. Stamp
 - d. Bill of exchange

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss the monetary policy of RBI. 10

2. a) Discuss the new industrial policy of India 1991. 6+4=10
b) Discuss its outcomes and limitations.

3. a) Discuss the problems of the foreign trade faced by the developing countries. 6+4=10
b) Give a brief account of India's Foreign Trade Policy since 1991

4. Write a short note on (*any two*): 5+5=10
a) World Trade Organization
b) International Monetary Fund
c) World Bank

5. What are the components of the business environment? 10

6. a) What are the functions of Indian commercial banks? 5+5=10
b) What is the role of NABARD in rural India?

7. Explain different types of Indian money market instruments. 10

8. Write a short note on (*any Two*): 5+5=10
a) SWIFT
b) Net banking
c) core banking Solution
d) Credit card

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