M.Sc. ZOOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER DEVELOPMENTAL & REPRODUCTIVE

DEVELOPMENTAL & REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

MSZ-201

(Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70

[PART-A: Objective]

Time: 20 min.

Choose the correct answer from the following:

Marks: 20
1X20=20

 As soon as the embryo get embedded into the endometrium, then endometrium is called

a. Decidua

b. Placenta

c. Stratum functionalis

d. Stratum basalis

2. The stage in which Blastocyst get release from Zona pellucida is called-

a. Hatching

b. Adplantation

c. Adhesion

d. Invasion

3. Which one of the following foetal membranes establishes contact between maternal part and foetal part of placenta?

a. Amnion

b. Allantois

c. Chorion

d. All of the above

4. Before formation of placenta, who secretes progesterone?

a. Anterior pituitary

b. Posterior pituitary

c. Decidua

d. Corpus luteum

5. Lactation is inhibited before child birth due to the increased level of -

a. Estrogen

b. Progesterone

c. Oxytocin

d. Prolactin

6. The inductor causes induction by liberating a chemical substance called

a. Inductor

b. Evocator

c. Modulator

d. None of the above

7. In amphibian embryos, the dorsal ectodermal cells in the mid -longitudinal region differentiate to form a neural plate, only when the chorda mesoderm is

a. Below it

b. Above it

c. Laterally dorsal to it

d. Dorsal to it

8. Fertilization of the egg by the sperm is the first step in the process of

a. Oogenosis

b. Blastogenosis

c. Embryogenesis

d. None of the above

9. Process of removal of nucleus from cell is

a. Translocation

b. Enucleation

Degranulation d. Hybridization

10.	In rare cases fertility drugs may cause ovar builds up fluid in a. Abdomen and chest c. Heart	b. Kidney d. Liver
11.	Fertilizin is a chemical substance produced a. Mature eggs c. Polar bodies	h from b. Acrosome d. Middle piece of sperm
12.	For GIFT to be suitable woman must have a. At least one normal fallopian tube c. Epididymis	b. A Uterus and three fallopian tube d. All of the above
13.	 In vitro fertilization differs from natural fe a. In IVF sperm and egg unite outside the body c. In IVF a single sperm fertilizes multiple eggs 	
14.	Thyroid cells are derived from embryonica. Ectoderm c. Endoderm	b. Mesoderm d. Archenteron
15.	Which one of the following is not a morpha. Calmodulin c. Retinoic acid	nogen? b. Wnt d. Sonic hedgehog
16.	The protein which is displaced by the sign responsive gene in DNA isa. Dishevelled protein c. GSK-3	b. GROCHO d. Axin
17.	Number of small units in Extracellular do a. 3 c. 5	main of a cadherin molecule Is b. 4 d. 6
18.	Which ions are essential for binding of EC a. Na+ c. Mg ++	C-domains of two cadherin molecule - b K ⁺ d. Ca ⁺⁺
19.	Select the protein which is not related to a. Dorsal c. Cactus	axes formation in drosophila b. Pipe d. Frizzled
20.	Select the energy source for nuclear importa. ATP c. CTP	rt process b. GTP d. TTP

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Describe the process of vulva formation in Caenorhabditis elegans	10
2.	In the light of the modern concept discuss the process of In vitro Fertilization (IVF)	10
3.	Discuss the salient features of Intra Cytoplasmic Sperm Injection (ICSI)	10
4.	In the light of the modern concept discuss the process of In vitro Fertilization (IVF).	10
5.	Discuss briefly the GIFT process with suitable examples	10
6.	Write about the placental hormones with their functions.	10
7.	Describe the structure and development of endometrium.	5+5=10
8.	Mention the maternal and zygotic and zygotic genes which are involved in pattern and compartment formation in Drosophila. Explain the role of zygotic genes in pattern formation process.	3+7=10

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