

**MA RURAL DEVELOPMENT**  
**Third Semester**  
**Economic Planning in India and Regional Development**  
**(MRD- 14)**

**Duration: 3Hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**Part-A (Objective) =20**  
**Part-B (Descriptive)=50**

**(PART-B: Descriptive)**

**Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.**

**Marks: 50**

**1. Answer any five from the followings:**

**2×5=10**

- a) Define Economic Planning.
- b) What are the steps in teaching learning process in the milieu of extension education?
- c) State the objectives of Third Five Year Plan.
- d) Why do we need a balanced regional development?
- e) What is NDC?
- f) What are the components of regional planning?
- g) What are the features of mixed economy?

**2. Answer any five from the followings:**

**3×5=15**

- a) Write the objectives of Twelfth Five Year Plan.
- b) What are the objectives of economic planning?
- c) State the important features of Indian plan.
- d) What are the magnitudes of regional imbalances?
- e) Discuss the regional planning policies in India briefly.
- f) 'The planning process in India has been criticized for defects in its form and policy frame"- Why?
- g) Write an account of PURA model.

**3. Answer any five from the followings:**

**5 × 5 = 25**

- a) "Economic Planning in India is a development tool" –In the backdrop of this statement, write the rationale for planning.
- b) Illustrate the failure of Mahalanobis strategy of development.
- c) Discuss the implementation of First Five Year Plan in India.
- d) Write an account of the history of planning in India.
- e) What are the roles played by NDC?
- f) What are the methods of plan formulation?
- g) Discuss the functions of Planning Commission.

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*(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)*

**Duration: 20 minutes**

**Marks – 20**

**PART A- Objective Type**

**I. Choose the correct options from the followings: 1×20=20**

**1. In which year India observed a 'Plan Holiday'?**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1956 | b) 1966 |
| c) 1976 | d) 1986 |

**2. When Sino-Indian war took place? –**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1962 | b) 1862 |
| c) 1762 | d) 1987 |

**3. Under whose Prime-Ministership, 19 banks were nationalised?**

- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a) J.L. Nehru     | b) Rajiv Gandhi  |
| c) A. B. Bajpayee | d) Indira Gandhi |

**4. Which Five Year plan has the objective of "Towards faster and more Inclusive Growth"?**

- |                           |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) Seventh Five Year Plan | b) Eleventh Five Year Plan |
| c) Second Five Year Plan  | d) None of these           |

**5. The Twenty Point Programme was initiated in the year 1975, which was restructured in the years 1982, 1986 and finally in –**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| a) 2006 | b) 2005 |
| c) 2004 | d) 2003 |

6. Which Prime Minister laid emphasis on the use of modern technology? -

- a) H.D Devegowda
- b) Charan Singh
- c) Manmohan Singh
- d) Rajiv Gandhi

7. Who was the man behind the PURA model? -

- a) Dr. A.P.J Abdul Kalam
- b) P.C. Mahalanobis
- c) J.L.Nehru
- d) None of them

8. Who wrote the book "Planning and the Poor"?-

- a) P. Chaudhuri
- b) R. Datt
- c) R.K Hazari
- d) B.S. Minhas

9. NDC stands for -

- a) National Development Council
- b) National Development Committee
- c) National Development Centre
- d) National Development Cluster

10. The achieved growth rate of Ninth Five Year Plan was -

- a) 6.5%
- b) 5.35%
- c) 5.24%
- d) 6.87%

11. Mixed Economy is the outcome of the compromise between -

- a) Public and Government
- b) Public and Private
- c) Government and Private
- d) None of these

12. Who was the real architect of Second Five Year Plan? -

- a) P.C Mahalanobis
- b) P. Jegadish
- c) R.K Hazari
- d) George Fernandes

13. The PURA model involves -

- a) Six connectivities
- b) Seven connectivities
- c) Five connectivities
- d) Four connectivities

14. What was the targeted growth rate during First Five Year Plan?

- a) 2.1%
- b) 2.4%
- c) 4.1%
- d) 4.2%

15. Who was the Deputy Chairman of Planning Commission during Eleventh Five Year Plan?—
- a) Y.S.P Thorat
  - b) Montek Singh Ahluwalia
  - c) M.S Swaminathan
  - d) Nandan Nilekani
16. In which year, Planning Commission released the document “India Vision 2020”?
- a) June, 2003
  - b) January, 2005
  - c) April, 2003
  - d) January, 2003
17. “The growth process which yields broad-based benefits and ensures equality of opportunity for all” is known as –
- a) Inclusive Growth
  - b) Comprehensive Growth
  - c) General Growth
  - d) None of these
18. Which Five Year Plan focused on “Growth with Equity and Distributive Justice” -
- a) Fifth Five Year Plan
  - b) Ninth Five Year Plan
  - c) Tenth Five Year Plan
  - d) Eleventh Five Year Plan
19. Which Five Year Plan of India witnessed the launching programme of SGSY? –
- a) Tenth Five Year Plan
  - b) Ninth Five Year Plan
  - c) Seventh Five Year Plan
  - d) Second Five Year Plan
20. Who did an extensive study of the “Widening Regional Disparities in India”?
- a) Ashok Rudra
  - b) K. Subbarao
  - c) N.J Kurian
  - d) C. Rangarajan

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