

B.Sc. BIOTECHNOLOGY
SECOND SEMESTER (REPEAT)
MICROBIOLOGY-II
BBT-202

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

[PART-A : Objective]

Time: 20 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X10=10

- Chlamydiales fall under Bergey's Manual of
 - Section 10
 - Section 8
 - Section 9
 - Section 11
- Mad Cow disease is caused due to
 - Viral infection
 - Neurological disorder
 - Bacterial infection
 - Altered Prp protein
- Tobacco Mosaic Virus is an e.g. of
 - Bacteriophage
 - Helical Capsid
 - Icosahedral Capsid
 - Complex Virus
- Formation of Erythema and Edema is an e.g. of
 - Hypersensitivity type 1
 - Hypersensitivity Type III
 - Hypersensitivity Type II
 - Hypersensitivity Type IV
- Antigenic shift and antigenic drift is a characteristic of
 - HIV
 - Vaccinia Virus
 - Influenza virus
 - Pox Virus
- Azidothymidine or Zidovudine undergoes mode of action by
 - Binding to the 30s subunit
 - Binding to the 50s subunit
 - Misreading of genetic code
 - Interferes with reverse transcriptase enzyme
- Rabies virus is characterized by capsid with
 - Icosahedral shape
 - Complex symmetry
 - Bullet Shaped
 - Helical Symmetry
- Mushroom is an e.g. of
 - Zygomycota
 - Ascomycota
 - Basidiomycota
 - Deuteromycota
- Formation of histamines are observed in
 - Hypersensitivity type III
 - Hypersensitivity Type II
 - Hypersensitivity Type I
 - Hypersensitivity Type IV
- Zyomonas mobilis is used during the production of
 - Citric acid
 - Lipase
 - Alcohol
 - Acetic acid

Fill in the Blanks:

1X10=10

1. Penicillin is a _____ type of antibiotics.
2. Viral RNA genome is complimentary to viral mRNA is known as _____ strand.
3. Spike protein that are exposed on the outer envelope surface are _____ & _____.
4. Para-amino benzoic acid is a structural analogue of _____.
5. DNA gyrase is inhibited by _____.
6. Aeration in a fermenter is obtained by _____.
7. Lactobacillus & Bifidobacterium are well known _____.
8. The key intermediate of ED pathway is _____.
9. The infection produced by virus which causes local lesions known as _____.
10. Serum sickness is an e.g. of _____.

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. a. Explain the process of hypersensitivity type II. 5+5=10
b. Define fermenter? Draw and explain the production of alcohol.
2. Define mutation? Describe spontaneous mutation with a proper diagram. 2+8=10
3. Define Chlamydia? Describe the developmental system in Chlamydia with a neat diagram. 2+8=10
4. Write a note on probiotics and prebiotics and its importance. 5+5=10
5. Explain with a diagram the cultivation of virus in chick embryo and purification by density gradient method. 5+5=10
6. Draw and explain the difference between ED pathway and EMP pathway. 5+5=10
7. Describe the mode of action of drug Penicillin and azidothymidine. 8+2=10
8. What is lytic and lysogenic cycle? Describe the process of generalized transduction. 2+8=10

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